

RICS  
**HomeBuyer Report**

Property address

Client's name

Date of inspection



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RICS is the world's leading qualification when it comes to professional standards in land, property and construction.

In a world where more and more people, governments, banks and commercial organisations demand greater certainty of professional standards and ethics, attaining RICS status is the recognised mark of property professionalism.

Over 100,000 property professionals working in the major established and emerging economies of the world have already recognised the importance of securing RICS status by becoming members.

RICS is an independent professional body originally established in the UK by Royal Charter. Since 1868, RICS has been committed to setting and upholding the highest standards of excellence and integrity – providing impartial, authoritative advice on key issues affecting businesses and society.

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# A Introduction to the report

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This HomeBuyer Report is produced by an RICS surveyor who has written this report for you to use. If you decide not to act on the advice in this report, you do this at your own risk.

The HomeBuyer Report aims to help you:

- make a reasoned and informed decision on whether to go ahead with buying the property;
- make an informed decision on what is a reasonable price to pay for the property;
- take account of any repairs or replacements the property needs; and
- consider what further advice you should take before committing to purchase the property.

Any extra services we provide that are not covered by the terms and conditions of this report must be covered by a separate contract.

If you want to complain about the service, please refer to the complaints handling procedure in the 'Description of the RICS HomeBuyer Service' at the back of this report.

Property address

# B About the inspection

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Surveyor's name

Surveyor's RICS number

Company name

Date of the inspection  Report reference number

Related party disclosure

Full address and postcode of the property

Weather conditions when the inspection took place

The status of the property when the inspection took place

Property address



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We inspect the inside and outside of the main building and all permanent outbuildings, but we do not force or open up the fabric. We also inspect the parts of the electricity, gas/oil, water, heating and drainage services that can be seen, but we do not test them.

To help describe the condition of the home, we give condition ratings to the main parts (the 'elements') of the building, garage and some parts outside. Some elements can be made up of several different parts.

In the element boxes in parts E, F, G and H we describe the part that has the worst condition rating first and then briefly outline the condition of the other parts. The condition ratings are described as follows.

<b>3</b>	Defects that are serious and/or need to be repaired, replaced or investigated urgently.
<b>2</b>	Defects that need repairing or replacing but are not considered to be either serious or urgent. The property must be maintained in the normal way.
<b>1</b>	No repair is currently needed. The property must be maintained in the normal way.
<b>NI</b>	Not inspected (see 'Important note' below).

The report covers matters that, in the surveyor's opinion, need to be dealt with or may affect the value of the property.

**Important note:** We carry out only a visual inspection. This means we do not take up carpets, floor coverings or floorboards, move furniture or remove the contents of cupboards. Also, we do not remove secured panels or undo electrical fittings.

We inspect roofs, chimneys and other surfaces on the outside of the building from ground level and, if necessary, from neighbouring public property and with the help of binoculars.

We inspect the roof structure from inside the roof space if there is access (although we do not move or lift insulation material, stored goods or other contents). We examine floor surfaces and under-floor spaces so far as there is access to these (although we do not move or lift furniture, floor coverings or other contents). We are not able to assess the condition of the inside of any chimney, boiler or other flues.

We note in our report if we are not able to check any parts of the property that the inspection would normally cover. If we are concerned about these parts, the report will tell you about any further investigations that are needed.

We do not report on the cost of any work to put right defects or make recommendations on how these repairs should be carried out. Some maintenance and repairs we suggest may be expensive.



Please read the 'Description of the RICS HomeBuyer Service' (at the back of this report) for details of what is, and is not, inspected.

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# D About the property

This section provides our overall opinion of the property, and summarises the condition ratings of the different elements of the property.

If an element is made up of a number of different parts (for example, a pitched roof to the main building and a flat roof to an extension), only the part in worst condition is shown here.

To make sure you get a balanced impression of the property, we strongly recommend that you read all sections of the report, in particular the 'What to do now' section.

## Our overall opinion of the property

The property is considered to be a reasonable proposition for refurbishment provided that you are prepared to accept the cost and inconvenience of dealing with the matters raised in the report.

### 3

Section of the report	Element number	Element name
E: Outside the property	N/A	There are no elements with this condition rating
F: Inside the property	N/A	There are no elements with this condition rating
G: Services	N/A	There are no elements with this condition rating
H: Grounds (part)	N/A	There are no elements with this condition rating

### 2

Section of the report	Element number	Element name
E: Outside the property	E2	Roof coverings
	E3	Rainwater pipes and gutters
	E4	Main walls
	E8	Other joinery and finishes
F: Inside the property	F4	Floors
	F7	Woodwork (for example, staircase and joinery)
G: Services	G1	Electricity
	G6	Drainage
H: Grounds (part)	H1	Garage

### 1

Section of the report	Element number	Element name	
E: Outside the property	E1	Chimney stacks	
	E5	Windows	
	E6	Outside doors (including patio doors)	
	E7	Conservatory and porches	
	F: Inside the property	F1	Roof structure
F: Inside the property	F2	Ceilings	
	F3	Walls and partitions	
	F5	Fireplaces, chimney breasts and flues	
	F6	Built-in fittings	
	F8	Bathroom fittings	
	G: Services	G2	Gas/oil
	G3	Water	

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# D About the property

	G4	Heating
	G5	Water heating
H: Grounds (Part)	H2	Other
Type of property	Detached House	
Approximate year the property was built	1930	
Approximate year the property was extended	Not known	
Approximate year the property was converted	N/a	
Information relevant to flats and maisonettes	N/a	

## Accommodation

Floor	Living rooms	Bed-rooms	Bath or shower	Separate toilet	Kitchen	Utility room	Conservatory	Other	Name of other
Lower ground									
Ground	2				1		1		
First		3	1						
Second									
Third									
Other									
Roof space									

## Construction

Brick faced walls with pitched tile roof. Windows are PVCu framed with double glazing. Reception room and first floors are of suspended timber construction. There is extensive gas fired central heating.

Property address

# D About the property

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## Energy

We have not prepared the Energy Performance Certificate (EPC). If we have seen the EPC, then we will present the ratings here. We have not checked these ratings and so cannot comment on their accuracy.

We are advised that the property's current energy performance, as recorded in the EPC, is:

Energy-efficiency rating

Not seen

Environmental impact rating

Not seen

## Mains services

The marked boxes show that the mains services are present

Gas                       Electricity                       Water                       Drainage

## Central heating

Gas                       Electric                       Solid fuel                       Oil                       None

## Other services or energy sources (including feed-in tariffs)

None

## Grounds

Typical grounds for the type and age of property with garage and store room.

## Location

Situated in a residential area within the Stoke conurbation.

## Facilities

There is good access to a wide range of amenities.

## Local environment

No particular adverse features noted.

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# E Outside the property

## Limitations to inspection

There were no particular restrictions.

1 2 3 NI

E1 Chimney stacks	<p>No significant defects noted. It is likely that a chimney in the front reception and bedroom has been completely demolished.</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>1</b></p>
E2 Roof coverings	<p>A small number of tiles appear to be disturbed or missing particularly on the rear elevation.</p> <p>The metal weather proofing above the front window bay roof appears to be cut short and does not sit on the tiles well.</p> <p>The kitchen extension roof is suspected of being constructed at too shallow a pitch for the tiles used to cover it although the manufactures specification for the tiles would have to be checked to confirm. There is a risk that water will seep between the tiles in driving rain or if snow sits on the roof particularly as the tiles age.</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>2</b></p>
E3 Rainwater pipes and gutters	<p>No significant defects noted. The gutter suspected of sagging at the south west corner and may hold water or spill.</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>2</b></p>
E4 Main walls	<p>No significant defects noted.</p> <p>There is evidence that the external walls have settled particular above the door arch. The movement is considered to be long standing and unlikely to progress.</p> <p>The brickwork above the two front bedroom windows has moved as it appears not to be supported by a lintel.</p> <p>Bricks are missing from above the landing window.</p> <p>The brickwork below the small front bedroom window has buckled. The cause is not known.</p> <p>The brickwork at the side of a number of window openings has been displaced. The cause is believed to be related to the contraction of the plastic windows in cold weather pulling poorly secured bricks away from the remainder of the walls. When rebuilt the bricks forming the opening need to be tied into the remainder of the structure.</p> <p>The walls are likely to be of cavity construction. Improvement of their insulation may be possible by retrospective injection.</p> <p>It could not be confirmed if condensation mould on the rear opening of the kitchen extension is due to misuse of the property or if there is a cold bridge due to poor design of the opening.</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>2</b></p>

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# E Outside the property

E5 Windows	The front reception room bay window appears to be undersized for the opening and is not in plumb with the front wall of the house. The top rail has also distorted. Complete replacement is likely to be required. Some glazing units have misted due to moisture ingress.	<b>1</b>
E6 Outside doors (including patio doors)	No significant defects noted.	<b>1</b>
E7 Conservatory and porches	The roofing sheets of the conservatory are suspected of being over spanned which has caused them to sag slightly. The enclosing trims are missing in many places which will allow insects dust and moisture to enter the voids in the sheets. The meatal weatherproofing appears to be missing in areas and is not tight to the roof sheets.	<b>1</b>
E8 Other joinery and finishes	Parts of the rood edge enclosing timber are hanging and they require refurbishment.	<b>2</b>
E9 Other	None noted.	<b>NI</b>

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## F

# Inside the property

## Limitations to inspection

There were no particular restrictions.

1 2 3 NI

F1 No significant defects noted. 1  
Roof structure

F2 No significant defects noted. Some are likely to be original and may be prone to collapse particularly if decoration is removed. 1  
Ceilings

F3 No significant defects noted. 1  
Walls and partitions

F4 The air bricks that ventilate the underside of the rear reception room have been blocked by the construction of the conservatory floor slab. This could increase moisture and the risk of decay or beetle infestation. Remedial works will be difficult. 2  
Floors

The sagging rear reception room floor deck is believed to be due to a joist having been damaged or the end of the board not sitting above a joist although this could not be confirmed.

Properties in the Stoke on Trent area can have colliery shales in the floor sub structure. If these become wet due to for example a rising water table or severe water spillage a chemical reaction can cause the concrete floor slab to expand considerably and can cause considerable damage to the property.

Property insurance policies usually exclude damage by such chemical attack of the floor slab.

There was no evidence of such damage at the property.

F5 No significant defects noted. 1  
Fireplaces, chimney breasts and flues

F6 No significant defects noted but they are some years old and adjustments are required. 1  
Built-in fittings (built-in kitchen and other fittings, not including appliances)

F7 The stair rails are too wide and child could trap themselves. 2  
Woodwork (for example, staircase and joinery)

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## F

Inside the property

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F8 Bathroom fittings	No significant defects noted.	1
F9 Other	None noted.	NI

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Services are generally hidden within the construction of the property. This means that we can only inspect the visible parts of the available services, and we do not carry out specialist tests. The visual inspection cannot assess the services to make sure they work efficiently and safely, and meet modern standards.

### Limitations to inspection

There were no particular restrictions.

1 2 3 NI

- G1 *Safety warning: The Electrical Safety Council recommends that you should get a registered electrician to check the property and its electrical fittings at least every ten years, or on change of occupancy. All electrical installation work undertaken after 1 January 2005 should have appropriate certification. For more advice contact the Electrical Safety Council.*

Electricity

Meter with and the consumer unit with RCD protection of all circuits earthing terminal is outside.

2

The system is believed to be of considerable age and a number of substandard matters were noted. It should be tested before refurbishment of the property so that improvements can be undertaken at the same time.

- G2 *Safety warning: All gas and oil appliances and equipment should regularly be inspected, tested, maintained and serviced by a registered 'competent person' and in line with the manufacturer's instructions. This is important to make sure that the equipment is working correctly, to limit the risk of fire and carbon monoxide poisoning, and to prevent carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases from leaking into the air. For more advice contact the Gas Safe Register for gas installations, and OFTEC for oil installations.*

Gas/oil

Meter and stop valve are in the kitchen

1

No significant defects but due to the potential danger of gas have the pipes, flues and appliances tested if there is not a current certificate.

- G3 No significant defects. The stop valve was not seen. Ensure that you can locate and operate it in an emergency.

Water

1

- G4 The boiler is in the outside store. No significant defects noted.

Heating

1

- G5 From the boiler directly. No significant defects were noted.

Water heating

1

- G6 No significant defects noted to the visible above ground drainage.

Drainage

2

One cover was opened at the rear of the property. The interceptor trap is believed to be blocked causing waste to fill the chamber until it is able to enter the rodding eye. A second chamber was embedded and not opened.

- G7 The drains are likely to be shared.

Common services

NI

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## Limitations to inspection

There were no particular restrictions.

			1 2 3 NI
H1 Garage	The head of the walls has buckled as the roof structure is unrestrained. It is unlikely that they can be repaired without replacing the roof.	2	
H2 Other	The proposed conversion of the rear store should be possible beyond the area where the walls have buckled. Raising the roof slightly may enable a level floor to be constructed.	1	
H3 General	There are a number of loose and sloping slabs and steep steps that are hazards. The head of the boundary wall require respointing.		

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## I

# Issues for your legal advisers

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We do not act as 'the legal adviser' and will not comment on any legal documents. However, if during the inspection we identify issues that your legal advisers may need to investigate further, we may refer to these in the report (for example, check whether there is a warranty covering replacement windows).

I1 Regulation	The conversion of the store and replacement of windows will require building regulation consent.
I2 Guarantees	None known.
I3 Other matters	None noted.

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## J

## Risks

This section summarises defects and issues that present a risk to the building or grounds, or a safety risk to people. These may have been reported and condition rated against more than one part of the property or may be of a more general nature, having existed for some time and which cannot reasonably be changed.

J1 Risks to the building	No significant risks noted.
J2 Risks to the grounds	No significant risks noted.
J3 Risks to people	The textured ceiling coatings can contain asbestos. Simple precautions may be required if disturbed. Trip hazards and wide stair rails.
J4 Other	No significant risks noted.

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In my opinion the Market Value on  as inspected was:



(amount in words)

Tenure

Area of property (sq m)

In my opinion the current reinstatement cost of the property (see note below) is:



(amount in words)

In arriving at my valuation, I made the following assumptions.

With regard to the materials, construction, services, fixtures and fittings, and so on I have assumed that:

- an inspection of those parts that I could not inspect would not identify significant defects or a cause to alter the valuation;
- no dangerous or damaging materials or building techniques have been used in the property;
- there is no contamination in or from the ground, and the ground has not been used as landfill;
- the property is connected to, and has the right to use, the mains services mentioned in the report; and
- the valuation does not take account of any furnishings, removable fittings or sales incentives.

With regard to legal matters I have assumed that:

- the property is sold with 'vacant possession' (your legal advisers can give you more information on this term);
- the condition of the property, or the purpose the property is or will be used for, does not break any laws;
- no particularly troublesome or unusual restrictions apply to the property, that the property is not affected by problems which would be revealed by the usual legal enquiries and that all necessary planning permissions and Building Regulations consents (including consents for alterations) have been obtained and complied with; and
- the property has the right to use the mains services on normal terms, and that the sewers, mains services and roads giving access to the property have been 'adopted' (that is, they are under local authority, not private, control).

**Any additional assumptions relating to the valuation**

Your legal advisers, and other people who carry out property conveyancing, should be familiar with these assumptions and are responsible for checking those concerning legal matters.

My opinion of the Market Value shown here could be affected by the outcome of the enquiries by your legal advisers (section I) and/or any further investigations and quotations for repairs or replacements. The valuation assumes that your legal advisers will receive satisfactory replies to their enquiries about any assumptions in the report.

**Other considerations affecting value**

**Note:** You can find information about the assumptions I have made in calculating this reinstatement cost in the 'Description of the RICS HomeBuyer Service' provided. The reinstatement cost is the cost of rebuilding an average home of the type and style inspected to its existing standard using modern materials and techniques, and by acting in line with current Building Regulations and other legal requirements. This will help you decide on the amount of buildings insurance cover you will need for the property.

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L

# Surveyor's declaration

**"I confirm that I have inspected the property and prepared this report, and the Market Value given in this report."**

Signature

Surveyor's RICS number  Qualifications

For and on behalf of

Company

Address

Town  County

Postcode  Phone number

Website  Fax number

Email

Property address

Client's name  Date this report was produced

## RICS disclaimers

1. This report has been prepared by a surveyor ('the Employee') on behalf of a firm of surveyors ('the Employer'). The statements and opinions expressed in this report are expressed on behalf of the Employer, who accepts full responsibility for these.

Without prejudice and separately to the above, the Employee will have no personal responsibility in respect of any statements and opinions contained in this report, which shall at all times remain the sole responsibility of the Employer to the exclusion of the Employee.

In the case of sole practitioners, the surveyor may sign the report in his or her own name unless the surveyor operates as a sole trader limited liability company.

To the extent that any part of this notification is a restriction of liability within the meaning of the *Unfair Contract Terms Act 1977* it does not apply to death or personal injury resulting from negligence.

2. This document is issued in blank form by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) and is available only to parties who have signed a licence agreement with RICS.

RICS gives no representation or warranties, express or implied, and no responsibility or liability is accepted for the accuracy or completeness of the information inserted in the document or any other written or oral information given to any interested party or its advisers. Any such liability is expressly disclaimed.



Please read the 'Description of the RICS HomeBuyer Service' (at the back of this report) for details of what is, and is not, inspected.

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## Getting quotations

The cost of repairs may influence the amount you are prepared to pay for the property. Before you make a legal commitment to buy the property, you should get reports and quotations for all the repairs and further investigations the surveyor may have identified.

You should get at least two quotations from experienced contractors who are properly insured.

You should also:

- ask them for references from people they have worked for;
- describe in writing exactly what you will want them to do; and
- get the contractors to put the quotations in writing.

Some repairs will need contractors with specialist skills and who are members of regulated organisations (for example, electricians, gas engineers, plumbers and so on). Some work may also need you to get Building Regulations permission or planning permission from your local authority.

## Further investigations

If the surveyor is concerned about the condition of a hidden part of the building, could only see part of a defect or does not have the specialist knowledge to assess part of the property fully, the surveyor may have recommended that further investigations should be carried out to discover the true extent of the problem.

## Who you should use for these further investigations

You should ask an appropriately qualified person, though it is not possible to tell you which one. Specialists belonging to different types of organisations will be able to do this. For example, qualified electricians can belong to five different government-approved schemes. If you want further advice, please contact the surveyor.

## What the further investigations will involve

This will depend on the type of problem, but to do this properly, part of the home may have to be disturbed and so you should discuss this matter with the current owner. In some cases, the cost of investigation may be high.

## When to do the work

The condition ratings help describe the urgency of the repair and replacement work. The following summary may help you decide when to do the work.

- Condition rating 2 – repairs should be done soon. Exactly when will depend on the type of problem, but it usually does not have to be done right away. Many repairs could wait weeks or months, giving you time to organise suitable reports and quotations.
- Condition rating 3 – repairs should be done as soon as possible. The speed of your response will depend on the nature of the problem. For example, repairs to a badly leaking roof or a dangerous gas boiler need to be carried out within a matter of hours, while other less important critical repairs could wait for a few days.

## Warning

Although repairs of elements with a condition rating 2 are not considered urgent, if they are not addressed they may develop into defects needing more serious repairs. Flat roofs and gutters are typical examples. These can quickly get worse without warning and result in serious leaks.

As a result you should regularly check elements with a condition rating 2 to make sure they are not getting worse.

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# Description of the RICS HomeBuyer Service

## The service

### The RICS HomeBuyer Service includes:

- an **inspection** of the property (see 'The inspection');
- a **report** based on the inspection (see 'The report'); and
- a **valuation**, which is part of the report (see 'The valuation').

### The surveyor who provides the RICS HomeBuyer Service aims to give you professional advice to help you to:

- make an informed decision on whether to go ahead with buying the property;
- make an informed decision on what is a reasonable price to pay for the property;
- take account of any repairs or replacements the property needs; and
- consider what further advice you should take before committing to purchase the property.

## The inspection

The surveyor inspects the inside and outside of the main building and all permanent outbuildings, but does not force or open up the fabric. This means that the surveyor does not take up carpets, floor coverings or floorboards, move furniture, remove the contents of cupboards, roof spaces, etc., remove secured panels and/or hatches or undo electrical fittings. If necessary, the surveyor carries out parts of the inspection when standing at ground level from public property next door where accessible.

The surveyor may use equipment such as a damp-meter, binoculars and torch, and may use a ladder for flat roofs and for hatches no more than 3 metres above ground level (outside) or floor surfaces (inside) if it is safe to do so.

### Services to the property

Services are generally hidden within the construction of the property. This means that only the visible parts of the available services can be inspected, and the surveyor does not carry out specialist tests. The visual inspection cannot assess the efficiency or safety of electrical, gas or other energy sources; plumbing, heating or drainage installations (or whether they meet current regulations); or the inside condition of any chimney, boiler or other flue.

### Outside the property

The surveyor inspects the condition of boundary walls, fences, permanent outbuildings and areas in common (shared) use. To inspect these areas, the surveyor walks around the grounds and any neighbouring public property where access can be obtained.

Buildings with swimming pools and sports facilities are also treated as permanent outbuildings, but the surveyor does not report on the leisure facilities, such as the pool itself and its equipment, landscaping and other facilities (for example, tennis courts and temporary outbuildings).

### Flats

When inspecting flats, the surveyor assesses the general condition of outside surfaces of the building, as well as its access areas (for example, shared hallways and staircases). The surveyor inspects roof spaces only if they are accessible from within the property. The surveyor does not inspect drains, lifts, fire alarms and security systems.

### Dangerous materials, contamination and environmental issues

The surveyor does not make any enquiries about contamination or other environmental dangers. However, if the surveyor suspects a problem, he or she should recommend a further investigation.

The surveyor may assume that no harmful or dangerous materials have been used in the construction, and does not have a duty to justify making this assumption. However, if the inspection shows that these materials have been used, the surveyor must report this and ask for further instructions.

The surveyor does not carry out an asbestos inspection and does not act as an asbestos inspector when inspecting properties that may fall within the *Control of Asbestos Regulations 2006*. With flats, the surveyor assumes that there is a 'dutyholder' (as defined in the regulations), and that in place are an asbestos register and an effective management plan which does not present a significant risk to health or need any immediate payment. The surveyor does not consult the dutyholder.

## The report

The surveyor produces a report of the inspection for you to use, but cannot accept any liability if it is used by anyone else. If you decide not to act on the advice in the report, you do this at your own risk. The report focuses on matters that, in the surveyor's opinion, may affect the value of the property if they are not addressed.

### The report is in a standard format and includes the following sections.

- A Introduction to the report
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### Condition ratings

The surveyor gives condition ratings to the main parts (the 'elements') of the main building, garage and some outside elements. The condition ratings are described as follows.

**Condition rating 3** – defects that are serious and/or need to be repaired, replaced or investigated urgently.

**Condition rating 2** – defects that need repairing and replacing but are not considered to be either serious or urgent. The property must be maintained in the normal way.

**Condition rating 1** – no repair is currently needed. The property must be maintained in the normal way.

**NI** – not inspected.

The surveyor notes in the report if it was not possible to check any parts of the property that the inspection would normally cover. If the surveyor is concerned about these parts, the report tells you about any further investigations that are needed.

The surveyor does not report on the cost of any work to put right defects or make recommendations on how these repairs should be carried out. However, there is general advice in the 'What to do now' section at the end of the report.

### Energy

The surveyor has not prepared the Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) as part of the RICS HomeBuyer Service for the property. If the surveyor has seen the current EPC, he or she will present the energy-efficiency and environmental impact ratings in this report. The surveyor does not check the ratings and cannot comment on their accuracy.

### Issues for legal advisers

The surveyor does not act as 'the legal adviser' and does not comment on any legal documents. If, during the inspection, the surveyor identifies issues that your legal advisers may need to investigate further, the surveyor may refer to these in the report (for example, check whether there is a warranty covering replacement windows).

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**HomeBuyer Report**...

# Description of the RICS HomeBuyer Service

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Continued...

Property address

**Risks**

This section summarises defects and issues that present a risk to the building or grounds, or a safety risk to people. These may have been reported and condition rated against more than one part of the property or may be of a more general nature, having existed for some time and which cannot reasonably be changed.

If the property is leasehold, the surveyor gives you general advice and details of questions you should ask your legal advisers.

**The valuation**

The surveyor gives an opinion on both the Market Value of the property and the reinstatement cost at the time of the inspection (see the 'Reinstatement cost' section).

**Market Value**

'Market Value' is the estimated amount for which a property should exchange, on the date of the valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller, in an arm's length transaction after the property was properly marketed wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion.

When deciding on the Market Value, the surveyor also makes the following assumptions.

**The materials, construction, services, fixtures and fittings, and so on**

The surveyor assumes that:

- an inspection of those parts that have not yet been inspected would not identify significant defects or cause the surveyor to alter the valuation;
- no dangerous or damaging materials or building techniques have been used in the property;
- there is no contamination in or from the ground, and the ground has not been used as landfill;
- the property is connected to, and has the right to use, the mains services mentioned in the report; and
- the valuation does not take account of any furnishings, removable fittings and sales incentives of any description.

**Legal matters**

The surveyor assumes that:

- the property is sold with 'vacant possession' (your legal advisers can give you more information on this term);
- the condition of the property or the purpose that the property is or will be used for, does not break any laws;
- no particularly troublesome or unusual restrictions apply to the property, that the property is not affected by problems which would be revealed by the usual legal enquiries and that all necessary planning and Building Regulations permissions (including permission to make alterations) have been obtained and any works undertaken comply with such permissions; and
- the property has the right to use the mains services on normal terms, and that the sewers, mains services and roads giving access to the property have been 'adopted' (that is, they are under local authority, not private, control).

The surveyor reports any more assumptions that have been made or found not to apply.

If the property is leasehold, the general advice referred to earlier explains what other assumptions the surveyor has made.

**Reinstatement cost**

Reinstatement cost is the cost of rebuilding an average home of the type and style inspected to its existing standard using modern materials and techniques and in line with current Building Regulations and other legal requirements.

This includes the cost of rebuilding any garage, boundary or retaining walls and permanent outbuildings, and clearing the site. It also includes professional fees, but does not include VAT (except on fees).

The reinstatement cost helps you decide on the amount of buildings insurance cover you will need for the property.

**Standard terms of engagement**

- 1 **The service** – the surveyor provides the standard RICS HomeBuyer Service ('the service') described in the 'Description of the RICS HomeBuyer Service', unless you and the surveyor agree in writing before the inspection that the surveyor will provide extra services. Any extra service will require separate terms of engagement to be entered into with the surveyor. Examples of extra services include:
  - costing of repairs;
  - schedules of works;
  - supervision of works;
  - re-inspection;
  - detailed specific issue reports; and
  - market valuation (after repairs).
- 2 **The surveyor** – the service is to be provided by an AssocRICS, MRICS or FRICS member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, who has the skills, knowledge and experience to survey, value and report on the property.
- 3 **Before the inspection** – you tell the surveyor if there is already an agreed, or proposed, price for the property, and if you have any particular concerns (such as plans for extension) about the property.
- 4 **Terms of payment** – you agree to pay the surveyor's fee and any other charges agreed in writing.
- 5 **Cancelling this contract** – you are entitled to cancel this contract by giving notice to the surveyor's office at any time before the day of the inspection. The surveyor does not provide the service (and reports this to you as soon as possible) if, after arriving at the property, the surveyor decides that:
  - (a) he or she lacks enough specialist knowledge of the method of construction used to build the property; or
  - (b) it would be in your best interests to have a building survey and a valuation, rather than the RICS HomeBuyer Service.

If you cancel this contract, the surveyor will refund any money you have paid for the service, except for any reasonable expenses. If the surveyor cancels this contract, he or she will explain the reason to you.
- 6 **Liability** – the report is provided for your use, and the surveyor cannot accept any responsibility if it is used, or relied upon, by anyone else.

**Complaints handling procedure**

The surveyor will have a complaints handling procedure and will give you a copy if you ask.

**Note: These terms form part of the contract between you and the surveyor.**

This report is for use in England, Wales, Northern Ireland, Channel Islands and Isle of Man.

Property address

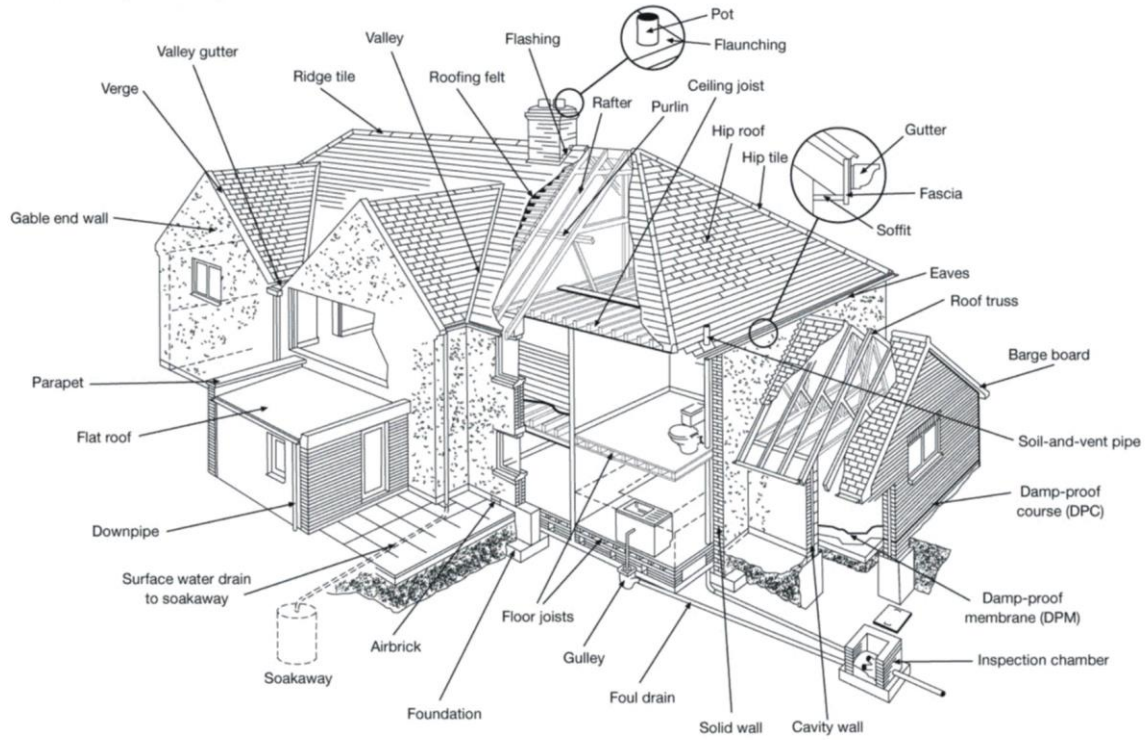


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This diagram illustrates where you may find some of the building elements referred to in the report.



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